

Markdown Syntax Reference

A comprehensive example document demonstrating major Markdown features and syntax.

1. Headings

You can create headings using one or more # symbols:

H1 Heading

H2 Heading

H3 Heading

H4 Heading

H5 Heading

H6 Heading

2. Paragraphs and Line Breaks

Separate paragraphs with a blank line.

This is a paragraph.

This is the second line of the same paragraph (use two spaces at the end of a line for a manual line break).

This is a new paragraph.

3. Text Formatting

Bold:

*****bold text***** → **bold text**

Italic:

**italic text* → italic text*

Bold Italic:

******bold italic text*** → bold italic text***

~~Strikethrough:~~

~~~~strikethrough~~ → strikethrough~~

---

## 4. Blockquotes

This is a blockquote.

You can nest blockquotes:

Outer blockquote

Inner blockquote

Even more nested

---

## 5. Lists

**Unordered List:**

- Item 1
- Item 2
  - Nested Item 2a
  - Nested Item 2b
- Item 3

**Ordered List:**

1. First item
2. Second item
  1. Subitem 2.1
  2. Subitem 2.2
3. Third item

### Task List:

- ☒ Completed task
  - ☐ Incomplete task
  - ☐ Partially complete
    - ☒ Subtask 1
    - ☐ Subtask 2
- 

## 6. Links

### Inline Link:

[Google](#)

### Reference-style Link:

[Markdown Guide](#)

### Automatic Link:

<https://www.github.com>

---

## 7. Images

### Inline Image:



**Reference-style Image:**



---

## 8. Code

**Inline code:**

Use `backticks` to format code.

**Fenced Code Block (with language highlighting):**

```
def hello_world():  
    print("Hello, world!")
```

---

## 9. Tables

| Left Align | Center Align | Right Align |
|------------|--------------|-------------|
| Cell 1     | Cell 2       | Cell 3      |
| Data 4     | Data 5       | Data 6      |

---

## 10. Horizontal Rule



## 11. Footnotes

Here is a statement with a footnote.<sup>1</sup>



## 12. Escaping Special Characters

Use a backslash to escape Markdown characters:

\*Literal asterisks\*, \_underscores\_, `backticks`, #hashes, >quotes



## 13. Emoji Usage

You can use emoji shortcodes (if supported):

:smile: :rocket: :tada:

Alternatively, use unicode: 😊 🚀 🎉



## 14. HTML Elements inside Markdown

You can mix in HTML for advanced features:

Click to expand!

This content is hidden by default.

Or use superscript and subscript:

H<sub>2</sub>O (water), E = mc<sup>2</sup>



---

<sup>1</sup>This is the footnote content.

*End of document.*